Energy performance certificate (EPC)

23, Huxley Court STRATFORD-UPON-AVON CV37 0BG Energy rating

This certificate expired on:

15 April 2019

Certificate number: 8771-6124-6220-5006-3096

Total floor area

108 square metres

Rules on letting this property

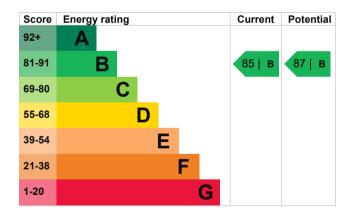
Properties can be rented if they have an energy rating from A to E.

If the property is rated F or G, it cannot be let, unless an exemption has been registered. You can read guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions (https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance).

Energy efficiency rating for this property

This property's current energy rating is B. It has the potential to be B.

See how to improve this property's energy performance.



The graph shows this property's current and potential energy efficiency.

Properties are given a rating from A (most efficient) to G (least efficient).

Properties are also given a score. The higher the number the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

the average energy rating is D the average energy score is 60

Breakdown of property's energy performance

This section shows the energy performance for features of this property. The assessment does not consider the condition of a feature and how well it is working.

Each feature is assessed as one of the following:

- very good (most efficient)
- good
- average
- poor
- very poor (least efficient)

When the description says "assumed", it means that the feature could not be inspected and an assumption has been made based on the property's age and type.

Feature	Description	Rating
Walls	Average thermal transmittance = 0.32 W/m?K	Good
Roof	Average thermal transmittance = 0.19 W/m?K	Good
Floor	Average thermal transmittance = 0.22 W/m?K	Good
Windows	Fully double glazed	Good
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	Very good
Main heating control	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	Average
Hot water	From main system	Very good
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 31% of fixed outlets	Average
Air tightness	Air permeability 3.82 m?/h.m? (as tested)	Good
Secondary heating	None	N/A

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 97 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

Environmental impact of this property

This property's current environmental impact rating is B. It has the potential to be B.

Properties are rated in a scale from A to G based on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce.

Properties with an A rating produce less CO2 than G rated properties.

An average household produces

6 tonnes of CO2

This property produces 1.7 tonnes of CO2

This property's potential production 1.6 tonnes of CO2

By making the <u>recommended changes</u>, you could reduce this property's CO2 emissions by 0.1 tonnes per year. This will help to protect the environment.

Environmental impact ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. They may not reflect how energy is consumed by the people living at the property.

How to improve this property's energy performance

Making any of the recommended changes will improve this property's energy efficiency.

If you make all of the recommended changes, this will improve the property's energy rating and score from B (85) to B (87).

Recommendation	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
1. Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.	Information unavailable	£34
2. A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This will significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. The Solar Trade Association has up-to-date information on local installers and any grant that may be available.	Information unavailable	£25
3. A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. The British Photovoltaic Association has up-to-date information on local installers who are qualified electricians and on any grant that may be available. Planning restrictions may apply in certain neighbourhoods and you should check this with the local authority. Building Regulations apply to this work, so your local authority building control department should be informed, unless the installer is appropriately qualified and registered as such with a competent persons scheme?, and can therefore self-certify the work for Building Regulation compliance.		£159

Paying for energy improvements

Find energy grants and ways to save energy in your home. (https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency)

Estimated energy use and potential savings

Estimated yearly energy cost for this property	£395
Potential saving	£35

The estimated cost shows how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. It is not based on how energy is used by the people living at the property.

The estimated saving is based on making all of the recommendations in how to improve this property's energy performance.

For advice on how to reduce your energy bills visit <u>Simple Energy Advice</u> (https://www.simpleenergyadvice.org.uk/).

Heating use in this property

Heating a property usually makes up the majority of energy costs.

Potential energy savings by installing insulation

The assessor did not find any opportunities to save energy by installing insulation in this property.

You might be able to receive Renewable Heat Incentive payments (https://www.gov.uk/domestic-renewable-heat-incentive). This will help to reduce carbon emissions by replacing your existing heating system with one that generates renewable heat. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments.

Contacting the assessor and accreditation scheme

This EPC was created by a qualified energy assessor.

If you are unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor directly.

If you are still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation schemes are appointed by the government to ensure that assessors are qualified to carry out EPC assessments.

Assessor contact details

Assessor's name Gary White Telephone 07970 759534

Email gary_hibec@btconnect.com

Accreditation scheme contact details

Accreditation scheme Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd

Assessor ID EES/003582
Telephone 01455 883 250

Email <u>enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk</u>

Assessment details

Assessor's declaration No assessor's declaration provided

Date of assessment 16 April 2009 Date of certificate 16 April 2009

Type of assessment SAP